Redistricting Rules: Utah Timeline

- **Apportm’t data 4.30.21**
- **Raw Redistricting data 8.15.21**
- **Redistricting data 9.30.21**
- **3.17.22 Candidate Filing**
- **3.10.22 State & Cong. Maps Due**
- **6.28.22 Primary Election**

**At least 6 months:**
Public hearings to take communities of interest testimony

**Approx. 3 months:**
Process census data, display draft maps, hold hearings, complete maps

**Court & County Prep**
Who draws the lines?

- Congressional lines are **drawn by the state legislature** and subject to a gubernatorial vote.
- State legislative lines are **drawn by the state legislature** and subject to a gubernatorial vote.
- The legislature receives input from an **independent advisory commission**, which the legislature may adopt, modify, or ignore the commission's proposed maps.
Redistricting Rules: Utah Rules

What are the mapping rules?

- Federal **equal population** requirements and adherence to the **Voting Rights Act** and constitutional rules on race
- Congressional districts recommended by the advisory commission must have a total deviation of no more than 1% from largest to smallest, and state legislative districts recommended by the advisory commission must have a total deviation of no more than 10% form largest to smallest (Utah Code § 20A-20-302(4))
- Maps recommended by the commission:
  - May not use race as a predominant factor in drawing line (Utah Code § 20A-20-302(4))
  - Be contiguous and reasonably compact (Utah Code § 20A-20-302(4)-(5))
  - Preserve communities of interest and the core of prior districts (Utah Code § 20A-20-302(4)-(5))
  - Follow natural, geographic, or manmade features/boundaries (Utah Code § 20A-20-302(4)-(5))
  - Nest boundaries of different types of districts (Utah Code § 20A-20-302(4)-(5))
  - May not intentionally favor or disfavor candidate/parties (Utah Code § 20A-302(4)-(5))
Redistricting Rules: Utah Public Access

Where can I find out more about my state's redistricting process?

▶ redistricting.utah.gov