California's New Redistricting Commission

Our once-in-a-decade opportunity to map California's future.



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to inquire about updates, go to:
www.RedistrictingCA.org

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Reapportionment is different from redistricting.



Reapportionment is the process that decides how many representatives each state gets in the United States House of Representatives. Because California's population is the largest of all states, California has 53 out of the 435 representatives in the House of Representatives.

Redistricting is the process of drawing the lines of the districts.

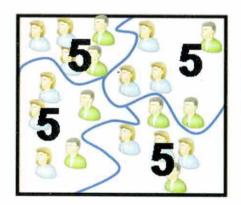
What is redistricting?

Redistricting is the process where district lines are redrawn within a state. This includes drawing districts for Congress, State Board of Equalization, State Senate, State Assembly, county boards of supervisors, city councils, and school boards.

Every ten years, the census count gives us a snapshot of how many people there are in the United States and where they live.

Once we know how many people live in California, we redistrict. That is, we draw new lines that put the same number of people into each electoral district.

Redistricting ensures every person has equal representation by drawing districts with an equal number of people – one person, one vote.



Each district must have the same number of residents



"Gerrymandering" dates back to our founding fathers.



In 1812, Governor Eldridge
Gerry signed a bill that
redistricted Massachusetts to
benefit his party, including
one district that looked like a
salamander. Thus, the term
"Gerry"-"mander" was born.
It describes when district
lines are drawn in strange
shapes to benefit an
incumbent, a party, or a
group at the expense of the

Historic records show that Patrick "Give Me Liberty or Give Me Death" Henry tried to gerrymander James Madison out of a district.

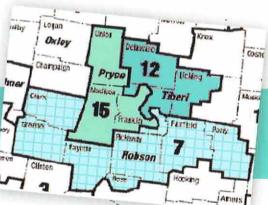
Why is redistricting important to me?

It is essential that elected officials listen to constituents – in fact, it's the cornerstone of our democracy. Fair, representative redistricting plans help ensure that elected officials will be responsive to the voters in their communities.

Public participation in map-drawing is critical to ensuring that communities have the strongest voice possible to express their preferences. When voters with similar interests are drawn into a district together, their voices multiply, giving them a greater opportunity to express their views, elect candidates of their choice and hold their leaders accountable.

Voters are empowered when districts are drawn to give communities a recognizable voice.





Urban communities in Columbus, Ohio were split into three segments. Each population segment of the city was then placed in a district where they were outnumbered by suburban populations which had different political leanings and interests. These urban voters lost their political voice.

Speaking up about your community is important to ensure that the district lines that are drawn protect your political voice.



How many districts there are?

In California, the Citizens Redistricting Commission will have to draw:

- 53 congressional districts
- 4 Board of Equalization districts
- · 40 State Senate districts
- 80 State Assembly districts

At the local level, there are even more county, city, school, and special districts that will be re-drawn. In some cases, local elected officials draw the lines; in others, commissions are created to redistrict for the local jurisdiction.

Who draws the lines in California?

In 2008 and 2010, the voters passed Propositions 11 and 20. For the first time in California, a new 14-person commission called the Citizens Redistricting Commission will draw the district maps for Congress, State Board of Equalization, State Senate and Assembly.

The Citizens Redistricting Commission meets for the first time in January 2011. It will hold meetings around California to listen to residents describe their communities, neighborhoods, and what issues are important to them. Based on the public input, the commission will draw new district maps. The Commission has until August 15, 2011 to approve final district lines.

For more information about what the Citizens Redistricting Commission is doing, visit the official site:

www.wedrawthelines.ca.gov

You can also find updates at: www.RedistrictingCA.org





Congress passed the Voting Rights Act to protect racial minorities from discrimination.



Before the Voting Rights Act was passed, the practice of many Southern states was to require qualified African Americans to pass literacy tests in order to register to vote. Other states only allowed a person to register if his or her grandfather was a voter. These practices were outlawed by the Voting Rights Act.

In the 1970s, Congress heard extensive testimony about how state and local governments drew district lines and manipulated election rules to prevent newly-registered African American voters from being able to elect candidates. Today, the Voting Rights Act protects all racial and language minorities, including African Americans, Asian Americans, Latinos, Native Americans and Pacific Islanders.

The California Constitution mandates that the Citizens Redistricting Commission draw lines that comply with the Voting Rights Act. To be chosen, the commissioners had to show that they had an appreciation for California's diverse demographics and geography, and taken as a whole, the commission had to represent California's diversity.

How can I participate in redistricting California?

- Attend a public meeting. Talk about your community. (More on page 11).
- 2 Submit your views and suggestions online. Describe your community, neighborhood, city or county.

 Tip: Visit www.wedrawthelines.ca.gov to find out how

 Tip: Visit www.RedistrictingCA.org to find free mapping help.
- Visit one of 6 redistricting assistance sites to use special software and receive assistance in mapping your community.

 Tip: Visit www.RedistrictingCA.org to find out where there is an assistance site near you.
- Connect with organizations that are proposing statewide maps of all the districts to make sure your community is represented.

 Tip: Check out these organizations:

 African American Redistricting Coalition
 - Asian Pacific American Legal Center Mexican American Legal Defense and Educational Fund
- Monitor the redistricting meetings to make sure the process is open and accessible.

 Tip: Visit www.cavotes.org to learn to be a trained observer.

 Tip: Tweet to #redistrictingCA to share your observations.



You can draw maps of your community.



It is very helpful to provide maps of your community. With a map and a marker, you can outline what you consider to be your community boundaries.

Or you can go high tech and use GoogleMaps or other software to map your community.

Check out www.RedistrictingCA.org for a list of free assistance sites, free mapping software and other resources.

How do I talk about my community?

Imagine you are describing your community to a visitor from out of town.

You might talk about the kind of people who live in your community, important issues, community centers, and your community's history.

You should also describe where your community is – use streets or GPS points or landmarks.

Here is a quick checklist of things to consider including in your presentation about your community:

Important places, such as parks, cultural centers, religious or government buildings, a commercial area, schools or clubs.



- Census and demographic data about the residents of your community.
- Issues that bring residents together such as where to locate a new road or transit line, or traditions such as a Martin Luther King, Jr. Day march.



- 4 Important stakeholders who represent different parts of the community.
- Be clear about the boundaries of your community. You can use street intersections or geographic markers.





You can get redistricting advice by emailing:

redistrictingCA@gmail.com and we'll try to answer it ASAP.

You can also tweet to #redistrictingCA. Your tweets will be part of a live conversation on the www.RedistrictingCA.org website!

What redistricting terms should I know?

- Draw districts with equal population. Here's the ideal number of people that should be in each district:
 - Congress: 702,905 people Senate: 931,349
 - Assembly: 465,674
 Board of Equalization: 9,313,489
- Comply with the federal Voting Rights Act. This means that districts should be drawn to ensure minority voters have an equal opportunity to elect candidates of their choice. Tip: For a really great description of how the Voting Rights Act works, check out: maldef.org/assets/pdf/Redistricting.pdf
- 3 Draw districts that are contiguous, that is, connected at all points.
- Keep counties, cities, communities (specifically "communities of interest") and neighborhoods intact, where possible.

 Tip: Learn more about communities of interest at:

 www.RedistrictingCA.org/
- Draw districts to be compact, where practicable. This rule should only be applied after the other earlier criteria have been satisfied.
 - Draw districts to nest within each other, where practicable. That means:
 - 1 Senate district contains 2 Assembly districts
 - 1 Board of Equalization district contains 10 Senate districts.
 This rule should only be applied after the other criteria have been satisfied.





How can I get hands-on help to draw maps of my community?

Visit a Redistricting Assistance Site for In-Person Mapping Help

The Redistricting Group at Berkeley Law (affiliated with the Statewide Database) has 6 sites that will have computers with redistricting software available for use by the public public for free. For more information, please visit: www.redistrictingca.org/redistricting-assistance-sites.

- Berkeley-UC Berkeley Law School: 2850 Telegraph Ave, Suite 471, Berkeley, CA 94705-7220.
- Sacramento-Sacramento Central Library, 2nd Floor Conference Room, 828 I Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.
- Fresno-OfficeBay Downtown Fresno, 1713 Tulare St, Suite 130, Fresno, CA 93721.
- Los Angeles –USC Village Shopping Center, 3167 #F,
 South Hoover St, Los Angeles, CA 90007.
- San Bernardino–Arrowhead Business Park,
 475A S. Arrowhead Ave, San Bernardino, CA, 92408.
- San Diego-Diamond District/The Village Center,
 588 Euclid Ave., San Diego, CA 92114.

www.ReDrawCA.org



Visit ReDrawCA.org for free access to key redistricting data and online mapping tools to draw your own "communities of interest" and district boundaries. Participate in the ongoing conversation on our wiki-map which allows you to quickly draw boundaries and add commentary for partners and other stakeholders to see. ReDrawCA.org was developed by HealthyCity/Advancement Project.

What important redistricting dates should I know?

The Commission will be holding an unprecedented number of hearings around the state to receive public input. To find the full updated schedule of hearing dates and locations, as well as to see any proposed maps of districts, please visit www.wedrawthelines.ca.gov.

April-May 2011: Pre-map Input Hearings

Before the Commission draws any draft maps of districts, the Commission will be holding hearings around the state to receive input from the public. You can talk about your community, neighborhood, city, county, or what areas you would like to see your districts include.

June 10, 2011: Proposed date for the Commission to post the first draft maps*

Based on the public's input, the Commission will publicly post its first draft maps for Congressional, State Board of Equalization, State Senate, and State - Assembly districts.

June 2011: Draft Map Input Hearings

After the Commission has posted its first draft maps of districts, the Commission will be holding hearings around the state to hear from the public. You can testify about the impact of the lines on your community.

July 1, 2011: Proposed date for the Commission to post the second draft maps*

July 2011: Second Draft Map Input Hearings

July 26, 2011: Proposed date for the Commission to post the final maps*

August 15, 2011: Deadline for the Commission to approve the final maps In order to approve and adopt the final district maps for Congress, State Board of Equalization, State Senate, and State Assembly, the Commission must have the affirmative of votes of at least 3 of the 5 Democratic Commissioners, at least 3 of the 5 Republican Commissioners, and at least 3 of the 4 non- or other party Commissioners.

*These dates are proposed dates and may change.

Please check www.wedrawthelines.ca.gov for the most up-to-date schedules, meeting locations, agendas, and other information.



RedistrictingCA Partners

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www.ReDrawCA.org

African American Redistricting Collaborative

aarc-ca.tumblr.com

Asian Pacific American Legal Center, a member of Asian American Center for Advancing Justice

www.apalc.org www.capafr.org

California Common Cause

www.commoncause.org/ca

Center for Governmental Studies

www.cgs.org

California Forward

www.cafwd.org

California National Association for the Advancement of Colored People

www.ca-naacp.org

California Voting Rights Institute, Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights

www.lccr.com

RedistrictingCA Partners



Central Coast Alliance United for a Sustainable Economy

www.coastalalliance.com

Foundation for Change

www.foundation4change.org

League of Women Voters of California

www.cavotes.org

Mexican American Legal Defense and Educational Fund

www.maldef.org

National Association of Latino Elected & Appointed Officials Educational Fund

www.naleo.org

Rose Institute of State and Local Government at Claremont McKenna College

www.RoseReport.org

Statewide Database at Berkeley Law

www.swdb.berkeley.edu

The Greenlining Institute

www.greenlining.org



